



GROW YOUR BEST VEGETABLE GARDEN - LINKS

(from NC State Extension unless otherwise noted)

Central NC Planting Calendar for Annual Vegetables, Fruits and Herbs (AG-756)

https://content.ces.ncsu.edu/central-north-carolina-planting-calendar-for-annual-vegetables-fruits-and-herbs

NC Extension Gardener Handbook - chapter 16, Vegetable Gardening

https://content.ces.ncsu.edu/extension-gardener-handbook/16-vegetable-gardening

Vegetable Gardening: A Beginner's Guide (AG-12)

https://content.ces.ncsu.edu/home-vegetable-gardening-a-quick-reference-guide

First and Last Frost Dates in NC – interactive map and chart

https://gardening.ces.ncsu.edu/2020/09/first-and-last-frost-dates/?src=rss

How to Plant and Grow Spring Greens (video, NC State Extension Homegrown series)

https://homegrown.extension.ncsu.edu/2018/03/how-to-plant-and-grow-spring-greens

Raised Beds (Clemson Cooperative Extension)

https://hgic.clemson.edu/factsheet/raised-beds

Soil Testing - Resources and Links (from NCDA&CS and NC State Extension)

https://guilford.ces.ncsu.edu/wp-content/uploads/2020/12/Soil-Testing-Links-2021.pdf?fwd=no

Municipal Compost Information – Guilford County locations

https://guilford.ces.ncsu.edu/wp-content/uploads/2021/01/Municipal-Compost.pdf?fwd=no

Watering the Vegetable Garden (Clemson Cooperative Extension): includes soaker hoses, drip irrigation https://hgic.clemson.edu/factsheet/watering-the-vegetable-garden

How to Install Home Garden Drip Irrigation (video, University of Kentucky)

https://uknowledge.uky.edu/bae_present/1

Controlling Weeds by Cultivating and Mulching (Clemson Cooperative Extension)

https://hgic.clemson.edu/factsheet/controlling-weeds-by-cultivating-mulching

Harvesting Vegetables (Clemson Cooperative Extension)

https://hgic.clemson.edu/factsheet/harvesting-vegetables



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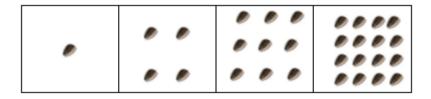
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Square Foot Plant Spacing

To calculate the number of plants for one 12" x 12" square, check the Planting Calendar or seed package for the recommended distance between plants - ignore the row spacing, just look at the plant spacing:

- 12" apart, plant 1 per square
- 6" apart, plant 4 per square
- 4" apart, plant 9 per square
- 3" apart (or less), plant 16 per square



Some larger plants need more than one square! Use the recommended distance between plants.

Additional problem-solving resources

Tomato Diseases and Disorders (Clemson Cooperative Extension) https://hgic.clemson.edu/factsheet/tomato-diseases-disorders/

Cucumber, Squash, Melon & Other Cucurbit Diseases (Clemson Cooperative Extension) https://hgic.clemson.edu/factsheet/cucumber-squash-melon-other-cucurbit-diseases

Cucumber, Squash, Melon & Other Cucurbit Insect Pests (Clemson Cooperative Extension) https://hgic.clemson.edu/factsheet/cucumber-squash-melon-other-cucurbit-insect-pests

Excluding and Repelling Problem Wildlife from the Garden (Univ. of Massachusetts, Amherst) <a href="https://ag.umass.edu/home-lawn-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-from-garden/fact-sheets/wildlife-excluding-repelling-problem-wildlife-excluding-repelling-pro

Fencing to Exclude Deer (North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission)
https://www.ncwildlife.org/Learning/Species/Mammals/Whitetail-Deer/Fencing-to-Exclude-Deer#42041178-electric-deer-barrier-principles

Low-Cost Deer Fence Alternative (video, University of Maryland) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TmIGg786gOk

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Integrated Pest Management and Best Practices

NC Extension Gardener Handbook – chapter 8, Integrated Pest Management (IPM) https://content.ces.ncsu.edu/extension-gardener-handbook/8-integrated-pest-management-ipm

National Pesticide Information Center - Integrated Pest Management (Oregon State University, US EPA) http://npic.orst.edu/pest/ipm.html

Plant Disease and Insect Clinic (NC State, Department of Entomology and Plant Pathology) https://pdic.ces.ncsu.edu

Keep It Clean: Practices for Healthy Vegetable Gardens (NC State Extension Gardener) https://extensiongardener.ces.ncsu.edu/2022/01/keep-it-clean-practices-for-healthy-vegetable-gardens

Less Toxic Insecticides (Clemson Cooperative Extension) http://www.clemson.edu/extension/hgic/pests/pesticide/hgic2770.html

Minimizing Risks of Soil Contaminants in Urban Gardens (NC State Extension) https://content.ces.ncsu.edu/minimizing-risks-of-soil-contaminants-in-urban-gardens

Top Ten Tips to Prevent Problems - Grow Strong Healthy Plants

- 1- Select a sunny spot for the vegetable garden (at least 8 hours) with access to water
- 2- Do a soil test and adjust your pH according to the lab's recommendations
- 3- Incorporate organic matter such as compost into the root zone (top 6-12" of soil)
- 4- Grow or purchase quality transplants, and wait for the right soil and air temps before planting
- 5- Give plants enough growing space based on their mature size, and keep foliage clean
- 6- Mulch to reduce fungal disease and weed pressure, and also to regulate soil moisture and temperature
- 7- Supply regular watering if rainfall is lacking, based on the plant's size and stage of growth
- 8- Fertilize carefully: vegetable plants often need supplemental nitrogen, but beware of over applying
- 9- Rotate plants (if space allows) to reduce fungal disease potential, and practice good garden sanitation
- 10- Follow IPM principles monitor your plants to keep ahead of potential problems, and get a proper diagnosis of any issues before taking action: if action is required, look for the least impactful solutions first



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THE IPM "PYRAMID"

a guide to mindful decision-making for home gardeners



Least impactful/most effective Goal is management, not eradication Can be mechanical, biological, chemical

ACTION THRESHOLDS

When do you "do something"?

Some damage can be tolerated, or may be temporary

Decisions are made based on research, degree of damage

RESEARCH, EDUCATION

What is the cause of the problem?

Learn life cycles and target weakest stage - timing is important

Don't assume controls are necessary until you have complete information

MONITORING, IDENTIFICATION

Inspect plants regularly; especially if pest-prone

Be alert to potential problems in early stages and identify cause(s) correctly

Check cultural situation first - improving growing conditions may be the best solution

PREVENTION

The foundation of IPM systems - don't have problems in the first place!

Almost all prevention strategies are cultural.

First step is to test your soil, and amend it according to recommendations.

Then choose the right plants for the site, plant them correctly, and care for them properly.

When you use best cultural practices many pests can be prevented or minimized.

Then use the rest of the IPM "pyramid" to keep the system in balance.

START HERE AND WORK UPWARDS

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