# **Apple Tree Cheat Sheet**

#### **Brushy Mountain Limbertwig**

Ripens: Late Fall Uses: All-purpose Storage Quality: Good

## Cox Orange Pippin

Ripens: Mid to late Sept. Uses: Superb fresh and in pies, sauces, or ciders Storage Quality: Up to 3 months in cold storage

## **Esopus Spitzenberg**

Ripens: Mid-fall to late fall Uses: Dessert and cider Storage Quality: Good

## <u>Goldrush</u>

Ripens: Fall Uses: Dessert, pie making, drying, and increasingly cider Storage Quality: Very good

## <u>Honeycrisp</u>

Ripens: Fall Uses: Dessert, pie making, and cider Storage Quality: Excellent. (Retains high flavor in storage)

## <u>McIntosh</u>

Ripens: Fall Uses: Dessert, baking, and cider Storage Quality: Good

# Red Delicious (Hawkeye)

Ripens: Mid-fall Uses: Dessert. (Not suitable for cooking or making cider) Storage Quality: Fair

## Red Sheepnose (Crow Egg)

Ripens: Fall Uses: Dessert Storage Quality: Fair

## Sweet Russet

Ripens: Fall Uses: Dessert, baking, apple butter, and cider Storage Quality: Good

## Virginia Beauty

Ripens: Oct. Uses: Excellent eaten fresh and dessert Storage Quality: 5 months in cold storage

## **Wolf River**

Ripens: Late summer Uses: Dessert, baking, apple butter, and drying Storage Quality: Poor

# Yellow Bellflower

Ripens: Late fall Uses: Pie making, applesauce, and especially cider (time in storage improves its use as a dessert fruit) Storage Quality: Fair

## Yellow Delicious

Ripens: Mid-Sept. to mid-Oct. Uses: fresh-eating, pies, applesauce, and preserves Storage Quality: Good (3-6 months if refrigerated)

# Yellow June/Early Transparent

Ripens: Mid-summer Uses: Baking, applesauce, frying, and sometimes for dessert Storage Quality: Fair